ROSEVILLE JOINT UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2019

ROSEVILLE JOINT UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS WITH SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

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ROSEVILLE JOINT UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS WITH SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION For the Year Ended June 30, 2019 (Continued)

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Trustees Roseville Joint Union High School District Roseville, California

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Roseville Joint Union High School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019 and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Roseville Joint Union High School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Roseville Joint Union High School District, as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that *Management's Discussion and Analysis* on pages 4 to 13 and the Required Supplementary information, such as the General Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule, the Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, and the Schedule of the District's Contributions on pages 48 to 52 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Roseville Joint Union High School District's basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditure of federal awards as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, and the other supplementary information listed in the table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The schedule of expenditure of federal awards and other supplementary information as listed in the table of contents is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information, except for the Schedule of Financial Trends and Analysis, has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of expenditure of federal awards and other supplementary information as listed in the table of contents, except for the Schedule of Financial Trends and Analysis, is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The Schedule of Financial Trends and Analysis has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 9, 2019 on our consideration of Roseville Joint Union High School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Roseville Joint Union High School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

CROWE UP

Crowe LLP

Sacramento, California December 9, 2019

This section of Roseville Joint Union High School District's annual financial report presents management's discussion and analysis of the District's financial performance during the fiscal year that ended on June 30, 2019. Please read it in conjunction with the Independent Auditor's Report presented on pages 1 through 3, and the District's financial statement, which immediately follow this section.

USING THIS ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, presented on pages 14 and 15, provide information about the activities of the District as a whole and present a long-term view of the District's finances. The fund financial statements for governmental activities, presented on pages 16 through 22, provide information about how District services were financed in the short-term, and how much remains for future spending. Fund financial statements also report the District's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the District's most significant funds. The remaining statements provide financial information about activities for which the District acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of those outside the District.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- For the Governmental Activities programs, total current year revenues exceeded total current year expenses by \$11,596,667.
- ➤ Capital assets, net, increased by \$88,520,107 primarily due to an increase in work-in-progress for West Park High School and the Antelope High School Performing Arts Center.
- > The District's 2018/19 P2 Average Daily Attendance increased by 39.46 or 0.40% over 2017/18.
- ➤ The District received \$2,393,581 in Mandated Cost reimbursements in 2018/19, due to the State's one-time payment of past Mandate obligations as well as from the district's participation in the Mandate Block Grant.
- ➤ The District maintains sufficient reserves for a district of its size. It meets the state required minimum reserve for economic uncertainty of 3% of general fund expenditures, transfers out, and other uses (total outgo). During fiscal year 2018/19, General Fund expenditures and other financing uses totaled \$123,985,409.
- The ending fund balance (EFB) for the General Fund at June 30th was \$25,639,477. This includes a 3% reserve for state required economic uncertainties and a 3% board reserve for economic uncertainties. The combined reserves for economic uncertainties total \$7,448,574. The EFB also includes \$9,649,652 which is a combination of legally restricted categorical carryovers, unrestricted categorical, site base budget, and other department carryovers, and non-spendable revolving cash and prepaid items. The remaining \$8,541,251 of EFB is unappropriated, but is going to be used to offset potential future year deficits.

THE FINANCIAL REPORT

The full annual financial report consists of the following: Management's Discussion and Analysis, the basic financial statements, supplementary information, and required supplementary information. The four sections together provide a comprehensive overview of the District. The basic financial statements are comprised of two kinds of statements that present financial information from two different perspectives, district-wide and funds.

- ➤ District-wide financial statements, which comprise the first two statements of Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, provide both short-term and long-term information about the District's overall financial position.
- > Individual parts of the District, which are reported as fund financial statements, comprise the remaining statements.
 - Basic services funding is described in the governmental funds statements. These statements include short-term financing and identify the balance remaining for future spending.
 - ❖ Financial relationships, for which the District acts as an agent or trustee for the benefit of others to whom the resources belong, are presented in the fiduciary funds statements.

Notes to the financials, which are included in the financial statements, provide more detailed data and explain some of the information in the statements. The required supplementary information provides further explanations and provides additional support for the financial statements. A comparison of the District's budget for the year is included.

Reporting the District as a Whole

The District as a whole is reported in the District-wide statements and uses accounting methods similar to those used by companies in the private sector. All of the District's assets and liabilities are included in the Statement of Net Position. The Statement of Activities reports all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The District's financial health or position (net position) can be measured by the difference between the District's assets and liabilities.

- > Increases or decreases in the net assets of the District over time are indicators of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating, respectively.
- Additional non-financial factors such as the condition of school buildings and other facilities, and changes in the property tax base of the District need to be considered in assessing the overall health of the District.

THE FINANCIAL REPORT (CONTINUED)

In the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, we divide the District into two categories of activities:

Reporting the District as a Whole

Governmental Activities:

The basic services provided by the District, such as regular and special education, administration, and transportation are included here, and are primarily financed by property taxes and state formula aid. Non-basic services, such as child nutrition are also included here, but are financed by a combination of state and federal contracts and grants, and local revenues.

Business-type Activities:

The District does not provide any services that should be included in this category.

Reporting the District's Most Significant Funds:

The District's fund-based financial statements provide detailed information about the District's most significant funds. Some funds are required to be established by State law and bond covenants. However, the District establishes many other funds as needed to control and manage money for specific purposes.

Governmental Funds

The major governmental funds of Roseville Joint Union High School District are the General Fund, the Building Fund, the Capital Facilities Fund, and the Bond Interest and Redemption Fund. Governmental fund reporting focuses on how money flows into and out of the funds and the balances that remain at the end of the year. A modified accrual basis of accounting measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the District's operations and services. Governmental fund information helps to determine the level of financial resources available in the near future to finance the District's programs.

Proprietary Funds

Services for which the District charges a fee are generally reported in proprietary funds on a full accrual basis. These include both Enterprise funds and Internal Service funds. Enterprise funds are considered business-type activities and are also reported under a full accrual method. This is the same basis as business-type activities; therefore no reconciling entries are required. Internal service funds are reported with the Governmental Funds. The District has no funds of this type.

THE FINANCIAL REPORT (CONTINUED)

Fiduciary Funds

The District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for its scholarship, warrant pass-through, and student activity funds. All of the District's fiduciary activities are reported in separate Fiduciary Statements. We exclude these activities from the District's other financial statements because the District cannot use these assets to finance their operations. The District is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

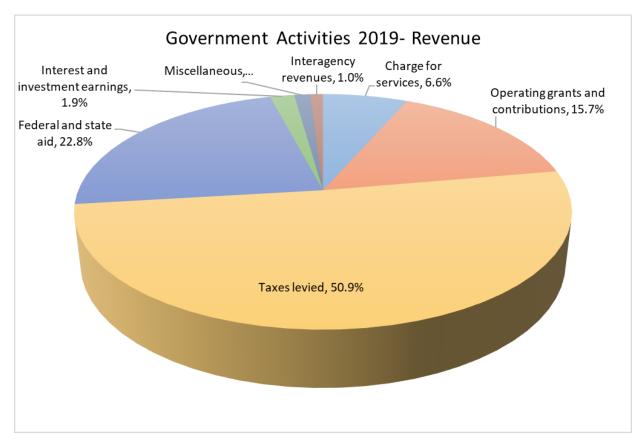
The District's net position increased from \$106,653,169 at June 30, 2018 to \$118,249,836 at June 30, 2019; an increase of \$11,596,667 or 10.87%.

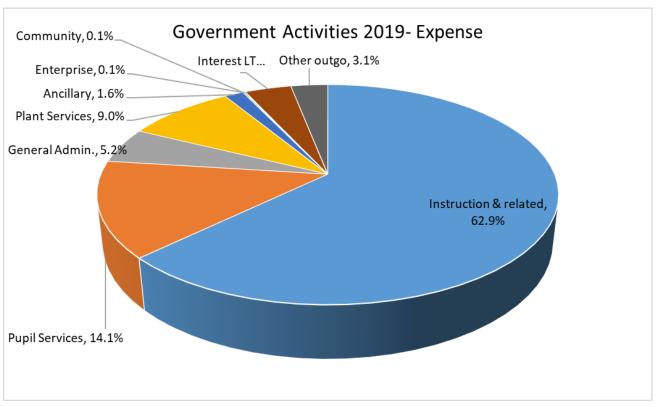
	Comparative Stater	nent of Net Posi	tion		
		2019		2	018
Assets:					
	Current & Other Assets	\$ 127,0	049,856	\$	130,561,111
	Capital Assets	308,	373,455		219,853,348
	Total Assets	435,4	423,311		350,414,459
Deferred Outfl	OW:	,	•		, ,
	Loss on refunded debt	4,7	701,216		5,473,939
	Loss on pensions	=	197,575		34,029,460
	Total Deferred Outflow	38,8	898,791		39,503,399
<u>Liabilities:</u>	Callion				
	Other Liabilities	10,6	682,462		9,852,520
	Long-Term Debt Outstanding	337,8	889,804		265,894,169
	Total Liabilities	348,	572,266		275,746,689
Deferred Inflov	<u>w:</u>				
	Gain on pensions	7,	500,000		7,518,000
Net Position:					
	Net Investment in capital assets	169,6	608,025		136,038,339
	Restricted	35,3	332,740		56,268,263
	Unrestricted	(86,6	90,929)		(85,653,433)
	Total Net Position	\$ 118,2	249,836	\$	106,653,169
	Comparative Change\$	\$ 11,	596,667		n/a
	Comparative Change%		10.87%		n/a

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT AS A WHOLE (CONTINUED)

GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES (CONTINUED)

Comparative Statement of Activities						
	Governmental Activities					
		2019		2018		
Program Revenues:						
Charge for Services	\$	10,598,774	\$	11,505,782		
Operating Grants and Contributions		25,290,770		18,559,909		
General Revenues:						
Taxes Levied		82,025,526		78,681,040		
Federal and State Aid		36,751,829		34,732,488		
Interest and Investment Earnings		3,025,329		939,865		
Miscellaneous		2,006,539		1,252,762		
Interagency Revenues		1,585,554		1,687,497		
Total Revenues		161,284,321		147,359,343		
Program Expenses:						
Instruction		77,610,125		71,439,490		
Instruction-Related Services		16,524,070		15,407,536		
Pupil Services		21,111,201		19,078,585		
General Administration		7,832,574		6,956,375		
Plant Services		13,458,758		15,549,617		
Ancillary Services		2,380,006		2,263,420		
Community Services		187,759		166,128		
Enterprise		150,316		88,388		
Interest on Long-Term Debt		5,816,680		5,479,454		
Other Outgo		4,616,165		4,001,063		
Total Expenses		149,687,654	-	140,430,056		
Change In Net Position	\$	11,596,667	\$	6,919,287		
Comparative Change\$	\$	4,677,380		n/a		
Comparative Change%		67.60%		n/a		

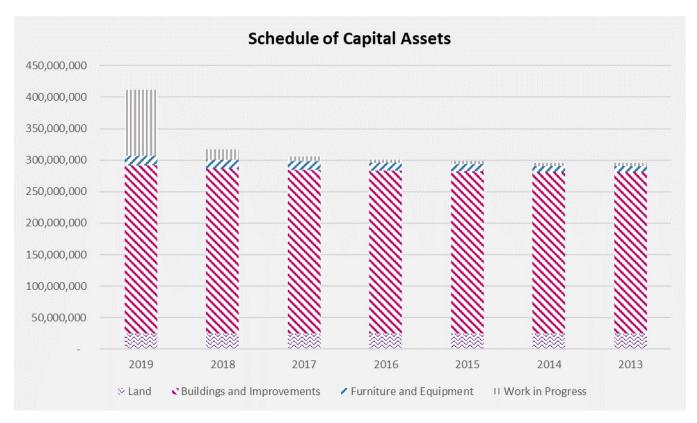




FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT AS A WHOLE (CONTINUED)

Comparative Schedule of Capital Assets							
	Government	al Activities					
	2019	2018					
Land Buildings and Improvements Furniture and Equipment	\$ 24,422,982 267,078,484 15,375,384	\$ 24,422,982 262,233,033 14,141,130					
Work in Progress	104,635,599	16,548,742					
Subtotals	411,512,449	317,345,887					
Less: Accumulated Depreciation Capital Assets, Net	(103,138,994)_ \$ 308,373,455	(97,492,539) \$ 219,853,348					
Oapital Assets, Net	Ψ 000,070,400	Ψ 213,000,040					
Comparative Change\$	\$ 88,520,107	n/a					
Comparative Change%	40.26%	n/a					

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT AS A WHOLE (CONTINUED)



Capital assets, net of depreciation increased by \$88,520,107, a 40.26% increase, primarily due to an increase in work-in-progress for West Park High School and the Antelope High School Performing Arts building.

All of the District's facilities and other assets are extremely well maintained. The capital improvement plan has consistently included modernization, upgrading, and new construction at all of our campuses such that the District's facilities overall are regarded as among the highest quality in the region.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT AS A WHOLE (CONTINUED)

Comparative Schedule of Long-Term Liabilities								
Governmental Activities								
	2019 2018							
General Obligation Bonds General Obligation Bonds Premium	\$ 202,085,350 15,561,141	\$	140,247,161 10,830,108					
Capital Leases	248,055		0					
Net Pension Liability	119,657,000		114,541,000					
Compensated Absences	338,258		275,900					
Totals	\$ 337,889,804	\$	265,894,169					

The table reflects that a majority of the District's debt is issued in support of school construction to meet the District's enrollment growth. The district received updated bond ratings in November 2018 from Moody's. Moody's assigned the district an overall Aa2 rating. The district has received similar bond ratings in the past. Bond rating agency rationale included:

- Participation in the broad and diverse Sacramento economy
- > Strong to very strong property income indicators, coupled with extremely strong market value per capita
- > Trend of very strong available (assigned and unassigned) reserve levels
- > Stable average daily attendance (ADA) levels, which drive operating revenues under the state funding formula

Bond debt -- combined with developer fee revenue and state construction funds - has been used for:

- Prior site facility construction.
- > Technology improvements to infrastructure systems.
- Various identified modernizations/additions throughout the District.
- Purchase of school site property and construction for West Park High School.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT AS A WHOLE (CONTINUED)

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of the financial presentation and contain more detailed information as to interest, principal, retirement amounts, and future debt retirement. The district looks at the debt service agreements on an annual basis for potential savings.

	Fund Bal	ances	Increase		
Fund (Fund #)	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2018	(Decrease)		
General (01)	\$ 25,639,477	\$ 23,041,289	\$ 2,598,188		
Adult Education (11)	244,285	341,284	(96,999)		
Cafeteria (13)	754,107	756,880	(2,773)		
Deferred Maintenance (14)	2,883,806	2,315,610	568,196		
Pupil Transportation (15)	376,854	727,352	(350,498)		
Building (21)	62,230,593	48,544,723	13,685,870		
Capital Facilities (25)	4,848,550	30,611,611	(25,763,061)		
Special Reserve (40)	1,000,894	406,601	594,293		
Bond Interest and Redemption (51)	20,421,086	16,147,811	4,273,275		
Totals	\$ 118,399,652	\$ 122,893,161	\$ (4,493,509)		

As can be seen in the scheduled fund balances, the District has a number of very different funds within which District programs operate. The General Fund has historically had a fund balance in excess of the state required reserve of 3%.

ECONOMIC FACTORS BEARING ON THE DISTRICT'S FUTURE

- ➤ The 2019/20 General Fund original budget reflects a \$8,335,272 deficit. The district will develop one-time and on-going spending plans in the 2019/20 fiscal year based on a three-year projection of revenues and expenses.
- ➤ The State of California is continuing to show the impacts of a steadily recovering economy and many economic indicators such as unemployment and the housing market are remaining flat. State revenue projections appear more stable than in past years.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, parents, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions regarding this report or need additional financial information, contact the District Business Department, Roseville Joint Union High School District, 1750 Cirby Way, Roseville, CA 95661 or (916) 782-5096.



ROSEVILLE JOINT UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2019

A00FT0	(Governmental <u>Activities</u>
ASSETS		
Cash and investments (Note 2) Receivables Stores inventory Prepaid expenses Non-depreciable capital assets (Note 4) Depreciable capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation (Note 4)	\$	119,805,590 6,858,835 18,510 366,921 129,058,581 179,314,874
Total assets		435,423,311
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Deferred outflows of resources - pensions (Notes 7 and 8) Deferred loss on refunded debt	_	34,197,575 4,701,216
Total deferred outflows		38,898,791
LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable Unearned revenue Long-term liabilities (Note 5): Due within one year Due after one year		10,276,036 406,426 11,399,171 326,490,633
Total liabilities		348,572,266
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Deferred inflows of resources - pensions (Notes 7 and 8)		7,500,000
NET POSITION		
Net investment in capital assets Restricted: Legally restricted programs Capital projects Debt service Unrestricted	_	9,062,210 5,849,444 20,421,086 (86,690,929)
Total net position	<u>\$</u>	118,249,836

ROSEVILLE JOINT UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	<u>Expenses</u>	Charges for <u>Services</u>	Program Revenues Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Net (Expense) Revenues and Changes in Net Position Governmental Activities
Governmental activities: Instruction	\$ 77,610,125	\$ 263,058	\$ 13,544,693	\$ -	\$ (63.802.374)
Instruction-related services:	\$ 77,010,125	φ 203,036	\$ 13,544,693	ф -	\$ (63,802,374)
Supervision of instruction	3,687,125	63,099	525,195		(2.000.021)
Instructional library, media and	3,007,123	03,099	525, 195	-	(3,098,831)
technology	2,477,273	5,457	109,218		(2.262.500)
School site administration	10,359,672	7,741	1,373,794	-	(2,362,598)
Pupil services:	10,359,672	7,741	1,373,794	-	(8,978,137)
Home-to-school transportation	4.009.042	_	114.606	_	(3,894,436)
Food services	3,697,634	1,940,590	1,368,929	_	(388,115)
All other pupil services	13,404,525	110,183	2,588,427	_	(10,705,915)
General administration:	.0, .0 .,020	,	2,000, .2.		(10,100,010)
Data processing	2,262,183	_	58,554	_	(2,203,629)
All other general administration	5,570,391	131.662	419,063	-	(5,019,666)
Plant services	13,458,758	7,957,941	2,811,033	_	(2,689,784)
Ancillary services	2,380,006	-	86,352	_	(2,293,654)
Community services	187,759	_	86	_	(187,673)
Enterprise activities	150,316	_	-	_	(150,316)
Interest on long-term liabilities	5,816,680	_	_	_	(5,816,680)
Other outgo	4,616,165	119,043	2.290.820	_	(2,206,302)
Carlor Galge	1,010,100	110,010	2,200,020		(2,200,002)
Total governmental activities	\$ 149,687,654	\$ 10,598,774	\$ 25,290,770	\$ -	(113,798,110)
	Taxes levied Taxes levied Federal and sta	ventions: for general purposes for debt service for other specific pur tte aid not restricted t estment earnings	poses		65,387,481 16,208,730 429,315 36,751,829 3,025,329 1,585,554 2,006,539
		Total general reve			125,394,777
		Change in net pos	sition		11,596,667
		Net position, July	1, 2018		106,653,169
		Net position, June	e 30, 2019		<u>\$ 118,249,836</u>

ROSEVILLE JOINT UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2019

ASSETS	Genera <u>Fund</u>	l Building <u>Fund</u>	Capital Facilities <u>Fund</u>	Bond Interest and Redemption <u>Fund</u>	All Non-Major <u>Funds</u>	Total Governmental <u>Funds</u>
Cash and investments: Cash in County Treasury Cash on hand and in banks Cash in revolving fund Receivables Due from other funds Prepaid expenditures Stores inventory	6,215	- 177 - 434 118,796 684 49,240	- - 110,180	\$ 20,388,409 - - 32,677 - -	\$ 5,528,334 34,855 100 380,885 286 300 18,510	\$ 119,717,458 34,855 53,277 6,857,972 718,302 366,921 18,510
Total assets	\$ 29,800	<u>691</u> <u>\$ 66,476,940</u>	\$ 5,105,308	\$ 20,421,086	\$ 5,963,270	<u>\$ 127,767,295</u>
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES						
Liabilities: Accounts payable Unearned revenue Due to other funds Total liabilities		426 - 677 223,142	2,607	\$ - - - -	\$ 261,160 	\$ 8,243,627 406,426 717,590 9,367,643
Fund balances: Nonspendable Restricted Assigned Unassigned	419 4,803 4,426 15,989	158 62,230,593 696 -	4,848,550 - -	20,421,086 - -	18,910 5,241,036 - -	438,708 97,544,423 4,426,696 15,989,825
Total fund balances	25,639	477 62,230,593	4,848,550	20,421,086	5,259,946	118,399,652
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 29,800	<u>691</u> <u>\$ 66,476,940</u>	\$ 5,105,308	\$ 20,421,086	\$ 5,963,270	\$ 127,767,295

ROSEVILLE JOINT UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2019

Total fund balances - Governmental Funds		\$ 118,399,652
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets used for governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as assets in governmental funds. The cost of the assets is \$411,512,449 and the accumulated depreciation is \$103,138,994 (Note 4).		308,373,455
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported as liabilities in the funds. Long-term liabilities at June 30, 2019 consisted of (Note 5): General Obligation Bonds Accreted interest Unamortized premiums Capitalized lease obligations Net pension liability (Notes 7 and 8) Compensated absences	\$ (189,888,043) (12,197,307) (15,561,141) (248,055) (119,657,000) (338,258)	(337,889,804)
		(337,009,004)
In governmental funds, deferred inflows and deferred outflows of resources resulting from defeasance of debt are not recorded. In governmental activities, for advance refundings resulting in defeasance of debt reported in governmental activities, the difference between reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the retired debt are reported as deferred inflows or deferred outflows of resources.		4,701,216
In government funds, deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to pensions are not reported because they are applicable to future periods. In the statement of net position, deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to pensions are reported (Notes 7 and 8).		
Deferred outflows of resources relating to pensions Deferred inflows of resources relating to pensions	\$ 34,197,575 (7,500,000)	26,697,575
Unmatured interest is not recognized until it is due and, therefore, is not accrued as a payable in governmental funds.		(2,032,258)
Total net position - governmental activities		<u>\$ 118,249,836</u>

ROSEVILLE JOINT UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Revenues:	General <u>Fund</u>	Building <u>Fund</u>	Capital Facilities <u>Fund</u>	Bond Interest and Redemption <u>Fund</u>	All Non-Major <u>Funds</u>	Total Governmental <u>Funds</u>
Local Control Funding Formula (LCFF): State apportionment Local sources	\$ 32,711,174 64,766,386	\$ -	\$ - -	\$ -	\$ 558,275 -	\$ 33,269,449 64,766,386
Total LCFF	97,477,560				558,275	98,035,835
Federal sources Other state sources Other local sources	3,032,589 15,252,901 10,820,547	1,974,486	20,971 6,880,272	1,027,985 15,405,262	1,531,586 3,599,971 2,549,681	4,564,175 19,901,828 37,630,248
Total revenues	126,583,597	1,974,486	6,901,243	16,433,247	8,239,513	160,132,086
Expenditures: Current: Certificated salaries	56,589,476	_	_	_	799.985	57,389,461
Classified salaries	15,962,390	-	329,596	-	1,606,560	17,898,546
Employee benefits	32,084,173	-	137,155	-	860,605	33,081,933
Books and supplies	4,927,048	377,767	916	-	1,588,875	6,894,606
Contract services and operating	40.040.050	4 007 005	005.070		170 100	40 404 700
expenditures Other outgo	10,048,859 1,633,025	1,297,635	665,079	-	170,130 2,330,258	12,181,703 3,963,283
Capital outlay	2,185,697	60,156,277	31,651,558	-	849,138	94,842,670
Debt service:	2,100,001	00,100,211	01,001,000		010,100	01,012,010
Principal retirement	13,640	_	_	10,343,702	5,823	10,363,165
Interest	3,220			7,508,162	1,319	7,512,701
Total expenditures	123,447,528	61,831,679	32,784,304	17,851,864	8,212,693	244,128,068
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	3,136,069	(59,857,193)	(25,883,061)	(1,418,617)	26,820	(83,995,982)
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in Transfers out Proceeds from the issuance of long-	216,024 (911,404)	-	120,000	- -	791,404 (216,024)	1,127,428 (1,127,428)
term liabilities Debt issuance premium	157,499 	73,228,182 314,881	<u>-</u>	- 5,691,892	110,019	73,495,700 6,006,773
Total other financing sources (uses)	(537,881)	73,543,063	120,000	5,691,892	685,399	79,502,473
Net change in fund balances	2,598,188	13,685,870	(25,763,061)	4,273,275	712,219	(4,493,509)
Fund balances, July 1, 2018	23,041,289	48,544,723	30,611,611	16,147,811	4,547,727	122,893,161
Fund balances, June 30, 2019	\$ 25,639,477	\$ 62,230,593	\$ 4,848,550	\$ 20,421,086	\$ 5,259,946	<u>\$ 118,399,652</u>

ROSEVILLE JOINT UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS -TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Net change in fund balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ (4,493,509)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Acquisition of capital assets is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but increases capital assets in the statement of net position (Note 4).	94,830,794
Depreciation of capital assets is an expense that is not recorded in the governmental funds (Note 4).	(6,299,781)
In governmental funds the entire proceeds from the disposal of capital assets are reported as revenue. In the statement of activities, only the resulting gain or loss is reported. The difference between the proceeds from disposal of capital assets and the resulting gain or loss is (Note 4).	(10,906)
In governmental funds the proceeds from debt are recognized as Other Financing Sources. In the government-wide statements proceeds from debt are recorded as increases in liabilities (Note 5).	(79,502,473)
Repayment of principal on long-term liabilities is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but decreases the long-term liabilities in the statement of net position (Note 5).	10,363,165
Accretion of interest is not recorded in government funds. It increases the long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position (Note 5).	1,046,291
Amortization of debt issue premium and loss on refunding is recognized in the period incurred in the governmental funds but in the government-wide statements the premium or discount and loss on refunding is amortized as interest over the life of the debt (Note 5).	503,017
Unmatured interest on long-term liabilities is not recognized in the governmental funds until the period it is incurred, but is recognized as an expense in the period it becomes due on the statement of net position.	152,312
Pensions: In government funds, pension costs are recognized when employer contributions are made. In the statement of activities, pension costs are recognized on the accrual basis. This year, the difference between accrual-basis pension costs and actual employer contributions was	
(Notes 7 and 8).	(4,929,885)

ROSEVILLE JOINT UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS -TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

In the statement of activities, expenses related to compensated absences are measured by the amounts earned during the year. In the governmental funds, expenditures are measured by the amount of financial resources used (Note 5).

(62,358)

Change in net position of governmental activities

\$ 11,596,667

ROSEVILLE JOINT UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION TRUST AND AGENCY FUNDS June 30, 2019

ASSETS	Trust Agency Funds Warrant Student Scholarship Pass- Body Fund Through Account
Cash and investments (Note 2): Cash in County Treasury Cash on hand and in banks Receivables Due from other funds Total assets	\$ 602,967 \$ 2,064,414 \$ - 1,085,807 1,298 7,284 - - 151 - 604,265 \$ 2,071,849 \$ 1,085,807
LIABILITIES	
Due to other agencies Due to student groups Due to other funds	\$ 2,000 \$ 2,071,086 \$ - 1,085,807 100 763 -
Total liabilities	<u>2,100</u> <u>\$ 2,071,849</u> <u>\$ 1,085,807</u>
NET POSITION	
Net position - restricted	<u>\$ 602,165</u>

ROSEVILLE JOINT UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF CHANGE IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION TRUST FUND

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Sc	holarship <u>Fund</u>
Additions: Other local sources	\$	100,746
Deductions: Contract services and operating expenditures		142,381
Change in net position		(41,635)
Net position, July 1, 2018		643,800
Net position, June 30, 2019	\$	602,165

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Roseville Joint Union High School District (the "District") accounts for its financial transactions in accordance with the policies and procedures of the California Department of Education's *California School Accounting Manual*. The accounting policies of the District conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The following is a summary of the more significant policies:

Reporting Entity: The Board of Trustees is the level of government which has governance responsibilities over all activities related to public school education in the District. The Board is not included in any other governmental "reporting entity" as defined by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board since Board members have decision-making authority, the power to designate management, the responsibility to significantly influence operations and primary accountability for fiscal matters. The District receives funding from local, state and federal governmental sources and must comply with all the requirements of these funding source entities.

The District has reviewed criteria to determine whether other entities with activities that benefit the District should be included within its financial reporting entity. The criteria include, but are not limited to, whether the entity exercises oversight responsibility (which includes financial interdependency, selection of governing authority, designation of management, ability to significantly influence operations, and accountability for fiscal matters), the scope of public service, and a special financing relationship.

The District and the Roseville Joint Union High School District Financing Corporation (the "Corporation") have a financial and operational relationship that meets the reporting entity definition criteria for inclusion of the Corporation as a component unit of the District. Accordingly, the financial activities of the Corporation have been included in the basic financial statements of the District.

The following are those aspects of the relationship between the District and the Corporation which satisfy the inclusion criteria:

Accountability

- 1. The Corporation's Board of Directors were appointed by the District's Board of Trustees.
- 2. The District is able to impose its will upon the Corporation, based on the following:
 - All major financing arrangements, contracts, and other transactions of the Corporation must have the consent of the District.
 - The District exercises significant influence over operations of the Corporation, as the District is the sole lessee of all facilities owned by the Corporation. Likewise, the District's lease payments are the sole revenue source of the Corporation.
- 3. The Corporation provides specific financial benefits or imposes specific financial burdens on the District based upon the following:
 - Any deficits incurred by the Corporation will be reflected in the lease payments of the District.
 - Any surpluses of the Corporation revert to the District at the end of the lease period.
 - The District has assumed a "moral obligation", and potentially a legal obligation, for any debt incurred by the Corporation.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Scope of Public Service

The Corporation is a nonprofit public benefit corporation incorporated under the laws of the State of California and recorded by the Secretary of State in June 1991. The Corporation was formed for the sole purpose of providing financing assistance to the District for construction and acquisition of Woodcreek High School. The District occupies all Corporation facilities under lease-purchase agreements. At the end of the lease term, title to all Corporation property will pass to the District for no additional consideration.

Financial Presentation

For financial presentation purposes, the Corporation's financial activity has been blended with the financial data of the District. The basic financial statements present the Corporation's financial activity within the General Fund. Certificates of Participation issued by the Corporation are reported as long-term liabilities in the government-wide financial statements.

<u>Basis of Presentation - Financial Statements</u>: The basic financial statements include a Management's Discussion and Analysis section providing an analysis of the District's overall financial position and results of operations, financial statements prepared using full accrual accounting for all of the District's activities, including infrastructure, and a focus on the major funds.

<u>Basis of Presentation - Government-Wide Financial Statements</u>: The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities display information about the reporting government as a whole. Fiduciary funds are not included in the government-wide financial statements. Fiduciary funds are reported only in the Statement of Fiduciary Net Position and the Statement of Change in Fiduciary Net Position at the fund financial statement level.

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets and liabilities resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets and liabilities resulting from nonexchange transactions are recognized in accordance with the requirements of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Codification Section (GASB Cod. Sec.) N50.118-.121.

Program Revenues

Program revenues included in the Statement of Activities derive directly from the program itself or from parties outside the District's taxpayers or citizenry, as a whole; program revenues reduce the cost of the function to be financed from the District's general revenues.

Allocation of Indirect Expenses

The District reports all direct expenses by function in the Statement of Activities. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a function. Depreciation expense is specifically identified by function and is included in the direct expense of each function. Interest on general long-term liabilities is considered an indirect expense and is reported separately on the Statement of Activities.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

<u>Basis of Presentation - Fund Accounting</u>: The accounts of the District are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues and expenditures or expenses, as appropriate. District resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purpose for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled.

A - Major Funds:

General Fund:

The General Fund is the general operating fund of the District and accounts for all revenues and expenditures of the District not encompassed within other funds. All general tax revenues and other receipts that are not allocated by law or contractual agreement to some other fund are accounted for in this fund. General operating expenditures and the capital improvement costs that are not paid through other funds are paid from the General Fund.

Building Fund:

The Building Fund is a capital projects fund used to account for resources used for the acquisition of capital facilities by the District.

Capital Facilities Fund:

The Capital Facilities Fund is a capital projects fund used to account for resources used for the acquisition and construction of capital facilities by the District.

Bond Interest and Redemption Fund:

The Bond Interest and Redemption Fund is a debt service fund used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal, interest and related costs.

B - Other Funds:

Special Revenue Funds:

The Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes. This classification includes the Adult Education, Cafeteria, Deferred Maintenance and Pupil Transportation Equipment Funds.

Special Reserve for Capital Outlay Projects Fund:

The Special Reserve for Capital Outlay Projects Fund is a capital projects fund, used to account for resources used for the acquisition and construction of capital facilities by the District.

Scholarship Fund:

The Scholarship Fund is a trust fund used to account for assets held by the District as Trustee, to provide financial assistance to students of the District.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Agency Funds:

Agency Funds are used to account for assets of others for which the District acts as an agent. The Warrant Pass-Through Fund represents a payroll clearing account with funds held at the Placer County Office of Education for the accrued payroll liability as of June 30, 2019. All cash activity and assets of the various student bodies of the District are accounted for in the Student Body Account. For Student Body Accounts, individual totals by school and club are maintained within the District's accounting system.

<u>Basis of Accounting</u>: Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures or expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurement made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

<u>Accrual</u>: Governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements and fiduciary fund financial statements are presented on the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred.

<u>Modified Accrual</u>: The governmental funds financial statements are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when susceptible to accrual; i.e., both measurable and available. "Available" means collectible in the current period or within 60 days after year end. Expenditures are generally recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting when the related liability is incurred. The exception to this general rule is that principal and interest on general obligation long-term liabilities, if any, is recognized when due.

<u>Budgets and Budgetary Accounting</u>: By state law, the Board of Trustees must adopt a final budget by July 1. A public hearing is conducted to receive comments prior to adoption. The Board of Trustees complied with these requirements.

<u>Receivables</u>: Receivables are generally made up of amounts due from the State of California and Categorical programs. The District has determined that no allowance for doubtful accounts was needed as of June 30, 2019.

<u>Stores Inventory</u>: Stores inventory in the Cafeteria Fund is valued at latest invoice cost and consists primarily of consumable supplies. No inventory records are maintained throughout the year. A physical inventory is performed on June 30 and the inventory and expense account balances are adjusted to reflect the physical count at year end.

<u>Capital Assets</u>: Capital assets purchased or acquired, with an original cost of \$5,000 or more, are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Contributed assets are reported at acquisition value for the contributed asset. Additions, improvements and other capital outlay that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. Other costs incurred for repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred. Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over 5 - 50 years depending on asset types.

<u>Interfund Activity:</u> Interfund activity is reported as either loans, services provided, reimbursements or transfers. Loans are reported as interfund receivables and payables as appropriate and are subject to elimination upon consolidation. Services provided, deemed to be at market or near market rates, are treated as revenues and expenditures/expenses. Reimbursements are when one fund incurs a cost, charges the appropriate benefiting fund and reduces its related cost as a reimbursement. All other interfund transactions are treated as transfers.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

<u>Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources</u>: In addition to assets, the statement of net position includes a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s), and as such will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditures) until then. The District has recognized a deferred loss on refunding reported, which is in the Statement of Net Position. A deferred loss on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter life of the refunded or refunding debt. Also, the District has recognized a deferred outflow of resources relate to recognition of the net pension liability reported in the Statement of Net Position.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and as such, will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has recognized a deferred inflow of resources related to the recognition of the net pension liability reported which is in the Statement of Net Position.

<u>Pensions</u>: For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the State Teachers' Retirement Plan (STRP) and Public Employers Retirement Fund B (PERF B) and additions to/deductions from STRP's and PERF B's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by STRP and PERF B. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Certain investments are reported at fair value. The following is a summary of pension amounts in aggregate.

	<u>STRP</u>	PERF B	<u>Total</u>
Deferred outflows of resources	\$ 26,437,470	<u>\$ 7,760,105</u>	<u>\$ 34,197,575</u>
Deferred inflows of resources	\$ 7,417,000	\$ 83,000	\$ 7,500,000
Net pension liability	\$ 91,626,000	\$ 28,031,000	\$119,657,000
Pension expense	<u>\$ 20,456,253</u>	<u>\$ 6,561,137</u>	\$ 27,017,390

<u>Compensated Absences</u>: Compensated absences totaling \$338,258 are recorded as a liability of the District. The liability is for the earned but unused benefits.

Accumulated Sick Leave: Accumulated sick leave benefits are not recognized as liabilities of the District. The District's policy is to record sick leave as an operating expenditure in the period taken since such benefits do not vest nor is payment probable; however, sick leave benefits are accumulated for each employee and unused sick leave is added to the creditable service period for calculation of retirement benefits for certain STRP and PERF B employees when the employee retires.

<u>Unearned Revenues</u>: Revenues from federal, state and local special projects and programs are recognized when qualified expenditures have been incurred. Funds received but not earned are recorded as unearned revenue until earned.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Net Position: Net position is displayed in three components:

- Net Investment in Capital Assets Consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of
 accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances (excluding unspent bond
 proceeds) of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition,
 construction, or improvement of those assets.
- 2. Restricted Net Position Restrictions of the ending net position indicate the portions of net position not appropriable for expenditure or amounts legally segregated for a specific future use. The restriction for legally restricted programs represents the portion of net position restricted to specific program expenditures. The restriction for capital projects represents the portion of net position restricted for capital projects. The restriction for debt service represents the portion of net position available for the retirement of debt. The restriction for scholarships represents the portion of net position available for the payment of scholarships. It is the District's policy to use restricted net position first when allowable expenditures are incurred.
- 3. Unrestricted Net Position All other net position that do not meet the definitions of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets".

<u>Fund Balance Classifications</u>: Governmental Accounting Standards Board Codification Sections 1300 and 1800, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions* (GASB Cod. Sec. 1300 and 1800) implements a five-tier fund balance classification hierarchy that depicts the extent to which a government is bound by spending constraints imposed on the use of its resources. The five classifications, discussed in more detail below, are nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and unassigned.

A - Nonspendable Fund Balance:

The nonspendable fund balance classification reflects amounts that are not in spendable form, such as revolving fund cash, prepaid expenditures and stores inventory.

B - Restricted Fund Balance:

The restricted fund balance classification reflects amounts subject to externally imposed and legally enforceable constraints. Such constraints may be imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or may be imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. These are the same restrictions used to determine restricted net position as reported in the government-wide and fiduciary trust fund statements.

C - Committed Fund Balance:

The committed fund balance classification reflects amounts subject to internal constraints self-imposed by formal action of the Board of Trustees. The constraints giving rise to committed fund balance must be imposed no later than the end of the reporting period. The actual amounts may be determined subsequent to that date but prior to the issuance of the financial statements. Formal action by the Board of Trustees is required to remove any commitment from any fund balance. As of June 30, 2019 the District had no committed fund balance.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

D - Assigned Fund Balance:

The assigned fund balance classification reflects amounts that the District's Board of Trustees has approved to be used for specific purposes, based on the District's intent related to those specific purposes. The Board of Trustees can designate personnel with the authority to assign fund balances. However, as of June 30, 2019 no such designation has occurred.

E - Unassigned Fund Balance:

In the General Fund only, the unassigned fund balance classification reflects the residual balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that is not restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes.

In any fund other than the General Fund, a positive unassigned fund balance is never reported because amounts in any other fund are assumed to have been assigned, at least, to the purpose of that fund. However, deficits in any fund, including the General Fund that cannot be eliminated by reducing or eliminating amounts assigned to other purposes are reported as negative unassigned fund balance.

<u>Fund Balance Policy</u>: The District has an expenditure policy relating to fund balances. For purposes of fund balance classifications, expenditures are to be spent from restricted fund balances first, followed in order by committed fund balances (if any), assigned fund balances and lastly unassigned fund balances.

While GASB Cod. Sec. 1300 and 1800 do not require districts to establish a minimum fund balance policy or a stabilization arrangement, GASB Cod. Sec. 1300 and 1800 do require the disclosure of a minimum fund balance policy and stabilization arrangements, if they have been adopted by the Board of Trustees. At June 30, 2019, the District has not established a minimum fund balance policy nor has it established a stabilization arrangement.

<u>Estimates</u>: The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions. These estimates and assumptions affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Accordingly, actual results may differ from those estimates.

<u>Property Taxes</u>: Secured property taxes are attached as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Taxes are due in two installments on or before November 15 and March 15. Unsecured property taxes are due in one installment on or before August 31. The Counties of Sacramento and Placer bill and collect taxes for the District. Tax revenues are recognized by the District when received.

<u>Encumbrances</u>: Encumbrance accounting is used in all budgeted funds to reserve portions of applicable appropriations for which commitments have been made. Encumbrances are recorded for purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments when they are written. Encumbrances are liquidated when the commitments are paid. All encumbrances are liquidated at June 30.

<u>Eliminations and Reclassifications</u>: In the process of aggregating data for the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, some amounts reported as interfund activity and balances in the funds were eliminated or reclassified. Interfund receivables and payables were eliminated to minimize the "grossing up" effect on assets and liabilities within the governmental activities column.

NOTE 2 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Cash and investments at June 30, 2019 consisted of the following:

	Governmental <u>Activities</u>	Fiduciary <u>Activities</u>
Pooled Funds: Cash in County Treasury	\$ 119,717,458	\$ 2,667,381
Deposits: Cash on hand and in banks Revolving cash fund	34,855 53,277	1,085,807
Total	<u>\$ 119,805,590</u>	\$ 3,753,188

<u>Pooled Funds:</u> In accordance with Education Code Section 41001, the District maintains substantially all of its cash in the interest bearing Placer County Treasurer's Pooled Investment Fund. The District is considered to be an involuntary participant in an external investment pool. The fair value of the District's investment in the pool is reported in the financial statements at amounts based upon the District's prorata share of the fair value by the County Treasurer for the entire portfolio (in relation to the amortized cost of that portfolio). The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by the County Treasurer, which is recorded on the amortized cost basis.

Because the District's deposits are maintained in a recognized pooled investment fund under the care of a third party and the District's share of the pool does not consist of specific, identifiable investment securities owned by the District, no disclosure of the individual deposits and investments or related custodial credit risk classifications is required.

In accordance with applicable state laws, the Placer County Treasurer may invest in derivative securities with the State of California. However, at June 30, 2019, the Placer County Treasurer has represented that the Pooled Investment Fund contained no derivatives or other investments with similar risk profiles.

<u>Deposits</u>: Custodial Credit Risk: The District limits custodial credit risk by ensuring uninsured balances are collateralized by the respective financial institution. Cash balances held in banks are insured up to \$250,000 by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) and are collateralized by the respective financial institution. At June 30, 2019, the carrying amount of the District's accounts was \$1,173,939, and the bank balance was \$1,268,678, of which \$250,000 was fully covered by the FDIC insurance and \$1,018,678 was uninsured.

<u>Interest Rate Risk</u>: The District does not have a formal investment policy that limits cash and investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. At June 30, 2019, the District had no significant interest rate risk related to cash and investments held.

<u>Credit Risk</u>: The District does not have a formal investment policy that limits its investment choices other than the limitations of state law.

<u>Concentration of Credit Risk</u>: The District does not place limits on the amount it may invest in any one issuer. At June 30, 2019, the District had no concentration of credit risk.

NOTE 3 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

<u>Interfund Activity</u>: Transactions between funds of the District are recorded as interfund transfers. The unpaid balances at year end, as a result of such transactions, are shown as due to and due from other funds.

<u>Interfund Receivables/Payables</u>: Individual fund interfund receivable and payable balances at June 30, 2019 were as follows:

<u>Fund</u>	Interfund <u>Receivables</u>	Interfund <u>Payables</u>	
Major Funds: General Building Capital Facilities	\$ 445,684 49,240 223,092	\$ 49,677 223,142 2,607	
Non-Major Funds: Adult Education Cafeteria Scholarship Trust Warrant Pass-Through	- 286 - 151	114,500 327,664 100 763	
Totals	<u>\$ 718,453</u>	<u>\$ 718,453</u>	

<u>Transfers</u>: Transfers consist of operating transfers from funds receiving revenue to funds through which the resources are to be expended.

Transfers for the 2018-2019 fiscal year were as follows:

Transfer from the General Fund to the Capital Facilities Fund for the transfer of redevelopment revenue.	\$ 120,000
Transfer from the General Fund to the Cafeteria Fund for payment of negative student account balances.	41,404
Transfer from the General Fund to the Pupil Transportation Equipment Fund for payment of capital leases and other operating costs.	150,000
Transfer from the General Fund to the Special Reserve for Capital Outlay Projects Fund for payment of operating leases and athletic equipment purchases.	600,000
Transfer from the Adult Education Fund to the General Fund for indirect costs.	52,497
Transfer from the Cafeteria Fund to the General Fund for indirect costs.	 163,527
Totals	\$ 1,127,428

NOTE 4 - CAPITAL ASSETS

A schedule of changes in capital assets for the year ended June 30, 2019 is shown below:

	Balance July 1, <u>2018</u>	Additions and Transfers	Deductions and Transfers	Balance June 30, <u>2019</u>
Non-depreciable:				<u> </u>
Land	\$ 24,422,982	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 24,422,982
Work-in-process	16,548,742	92,610,797	4,523,940	104,635,599
Depreciable:				
Improvement of sites	7,511,161	1,662,106	-	9,173,267
Buildings	254,721,872	3,183,345	-	257,905,217
Equipment	<u>14,141,130</u>	1,898,486	664,232	<u>15,375,384</u>
Totals, at cost	317,345,887	99,354,734	5,188,172	411,512,449
Less accumulated depreciation:				
Improvement of sites	(4,373,349)	(175,828)	-	(4,549,177)
Buildings	(81,391,995)	(5,193,639)	-	(86,585,634)
Equipment	<u>(11,727,195</u>)	(930,314)	(653,326)	(12,004,183)
Total accumulated				
depreciation	<u>(97,492,539</u>)	(6,299,781)	(653,326)	<u>(103,138,994</u>)
Capital assets, net	\$ 219,853,348	\$ 93,054,953	\$ 4,534,846	<u>\$ 308,373,455</u>

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental activities as follows:

Instruction Supervision of instruction	\$ 3,454,388 155,629
Instructional library, media and technology	124,164
School site administration	451,156
Home-to-school transportation	234,491
Food services	174,958
All other pupil services	597,474
Ancillary services	107,307
Community services	9,434
All other general administration	248,673
Centralized data processing	103,414
Plant services	 638,693
Total depreciation expense	\$ 6,299,781

NOTE 5 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

General Obligation Bonds and Capital Appreciation Bonds: In June 1995, the District issued 1992 General Obligation Bonds, Series B, in the amount of \$19,030,284. Bond proceeds were used for land acquisition and construction of new high schools. The Capital Appreciation Serial Bonds interest and yield vary, ranging from 4.4% to 6.0% and are scheduled to mature through 2020.

In July 1998, the District issued 1992 General Obligation Bonds, Series 1998C, in the amount of \$4,995,895. Bond proceeds were used for land acquisition and the construction of new high schools. The Current Interest and Capital Appreciation Bonds interest and yield vary, ranging from 4.5% to 5.3% and are scheduled to mature through 2024.

In July 1999, the District issued 1992 General Obligation Bonds, Series 1999D, in the amount of \$3,000,841. Bond proceeds were used for land acquisition and construction of new high schools. The Current Interest and Capital Appreciation Bonds interest and yield vary, ranging from 4.6% to 5.65% and are scheduled to mature through 2025.

In April 2007, the District issued 2004 General Obligation Bonds, Series C, in the amount of \$27,997,959. Bond proceeds were used for construction, renovation and repair of District facilities. The Current Interest Bonds of \$10,335,000 carried interest rates ranging from 4.0% to 5.0% and were paid off during the year ended June 30, 2017. The Capital Appreciation Bonds carry interest rates ranging from 4.59% to 4.66% and are scheduled to mature through 2032.

In May 2011, the District issued 2007 General Obligation Bonds, Series 2011A, in the amount of \$4,885,624. Bond proceeds were used for the purchase of land for a future high school. The Current Interest Bonds of \$3,805,000 carried interest rates ranging from 2.0% to 5.85% and and were paid off during the year ended June 30, 2017. The Capital Appreciation Bonds carry interest rates ranging from 7.86% to 12.00% and are scheduled to mature from 2016 through 2040.

On August 2011, the District issued at par \$8,020,000 of 2011 General Obligation Refunding Bonds for the purpose of refunding \$8,745,000 of then outstanding 1992 General Obligation Bonds, Series E. The refunded 1992 General Obligation, Series E bore interest rates ranging from 4.0% to 5.2% and were also due in level principal amounts, with the final payment due August 1, 2026. The 2011 General Obligation Refunding were partially refunded with the issuance of the 2016 General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series A. The 2011 General Obligation Refunding Bonds bear interest rates ranging from 4.0% to 5.0%, with the final payment due August 1, 2021.

On April 2013, the District issued at par \$54,185,000 of 2013 General Obligation Refunding Bonds for the purpose of refunding to advance refund a portion of the District's outstanding Election of 2004 General Obligation Bonds, Series A; 2004 Series B; and 2004 Series C. The total par value of the refunded bonds was \$57,460,000. The 2013 General Obligation Refunding Bonds bear interest rates ranging from 2.0% to 5.0% and will be repaid in level principal amounts, with the final payment due August 1, 2024.

In September 2016, the District issued 2016 General Obligation Bonds, Series 2016A, in the amount of \$3,800,000. Bond proceeds were used to refund a portion of the outstanding 2011 General Obligation Bonds Refunding Bonds, and pay the costs associated with the issuance of the 2016 General Obligation Bonds, Series A refunding bonds. The Current Interest Bonds carry interest rates ranging from 2% to 4% and are scheduled to mature through 2027. On June 30, 2018, \$3,660,000 of bonds outstanding were considered defeased.

NOTE 5 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (Continued)

In September 2016, the District issued 2016 General Obligation Bonds, Series 2016B, in the amount of \$5,872,856. Bond proceeds were used to refund a portion of the outstanding 2007 General Obligation Bonds, Series 2011A, and pay the costs associated with the issuance of the 2016 General Obligation Bonds, Series B refunding bonds. The Current Interest Bonds carry interest rates ranging from 2% to 3% and are scheduled to mature through 2038. The Capital Appreciation Bonds carry yields ranging from 3.00% to 3.22% and are scheduled to mature from 2030 through 2035. On June 30, 2017, \$5,482,550 of bonds outstanding were considered defeased.

In January 2017 the District issued 2016 General Obligation Bonds, Series A, in the amount of \$50,000,000. Bond proceeds were used to acquire, construct, renovate, and equip the District's sites and facilities, and to pay the costs of issuing the School Facilities Improvement Bond. The Current Interest Bonds carry interest rates ranging from 4.0% to 5.0% and are scheduled to mature through 2046.

In January 2017 the District issued 2007 General Obligation Bonds, Series 2017 School Facilities Improvement District No. 1 , in the amount of \$10,000,000. Bond proceeds were used to acquire, construct, renovate, and equip the District's sites and facilities, and to pay the costs of issuing the bond. The Current Interest Bonds carry interest rates ranging from 3.0% to 5.0% and are scheduled to mature through 2047.

In November 2018 the District issued 2016 General Obligation Bonds, Series B, in the amount of \$35,000,000. Bond proceeds were used to acquire, construct, renovate, and equip the District's sites and facilities, and to pay the costs of issuing the School Facilities Improvement Bond. The Current Interest Bonds carry interest rate of 5.0% and are scheduled to mature through 2041.

In November 2018 the District issued 2007 General Obligation Bonds, Series C, in the amount of \$38,228,182. Bond proceeds were used to acquire, construct, renovate, and equip the District's sites and facilities, and to pay the costs of issuing the bond. The Current Interest portion carry interest rates ranging from 3.0% to 5.0% and are scheduled to mature through 2047. The Capital Appreciation portion carry interest rates from 2.53% to 4.43% and are scheduled to mature through 2044.

Date of	Interest Rate	Maturity	Amount of Original	Outstanding July 1,	Issued Current	Redeemed Current	Outstanding June 30,
<u>Issuance</u>	<u>Percent</u>	<u>Date</u>	<u>Issuance</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>Year</u>	<u>Year</u>	<u>2019</u>
Current In	terest Bonds:						
2011	4.0 - 5.0	2022	\$ 8,020,000	\$ 2,070,000	\$ -	\$ 455,000	\$ 1,615,000
2013	2.0 - 5.0	2025	54,185,000	41,390,000	-	5,120,000	36,270,000
2016AR	2.0 - 4.0	2027	3,800,000	3,740,000	-	35,000	3,705,000
2016BR	2.0 - 3.0	2038	4,430,000	4,355,000	-	50,000	4,305,000
2016A	4.0 - 5.0	2046	50,000,000	50,000,000	-	3,405,000	46,595,000
2017	3.0 - 5.0	2047	10,000,000	10,000,000	-	155,000	9,845,000
2019B	5.0	2041	35,000,000	-	35,000,000	-	35,000,000
2019C	3.0 - 3.5	2047	15,965,000	-	15,965,000	-	15,965,000
Capital Ap	preciation Bond	ds:					
1992B	4.4 - 6.0	2020	19,030,284	1,680,434	-	844,425	836,009
1998C	4.5 - 5.3	2024	4,995,895	905,412	-	161,388	744,024
1999D	4.6 - 5.65	2025	3,000,841	615,787	-	96,291	519,496
2004C	4.59 - 4.66	2032	10,622,959	10,622,959	-	-	10,622,959
2011A	7.86 - 12.00	2040	1,080,624	181,115	-	21,598	159,517
2016BR	3.0 - 3.22	2035	1,442,856	1,442,856	-	-	1,442,856
2019C	3.5 - 4.4	2044	22,263,182		22,263,182		22,263,182
			<u>\$243,836,641</u>	<u>\$127,003,563</u>	\$ 73,228,18 <u>2</u>	<u>\$ 10,343,702</u>	<u>\$189,888,043</u>

NOTE 5 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (Continued)

The annual requirements to amortize the general obligation bonds and capital appreciation bonds payable outstanding as of June 30, 2019, are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>
2020 2021 2022 2023 2024 2025-2029 2030-2034 2035-2039 2040-2044 2045-2048	\$ 9,658,722 9,702,580 10,657,043 9,313,656 11,718,960 21,101,877 23,966,385 32,392,382 33,176,438 28,200,000	\$ 7,563,683 7,188,125 6,720,225 6,176,675 5,598,275 26,559,250 24,433,400 20,071,788 13,151,400 2,327,625	\$ 17,222,405 16,890,705 17,377,268 15,490,331 17,317,235 47,661,127 48,399,785 52,464,170 46,327,838 30,527,625
	<u>\$ 189,888,043</u>	<u>\$ 119,790,446</u>	\$ 309,678,489

<u>Schedule of Changes in Long-Term Liabilities</u>: A schedule of changes in long-term liabilities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019 is shown below:

	Balance July 1 <u>2018</u>	Additions	<u>Deductions</u>	Balance June 30, <u>2019</u>	Amounts Due Within <u>One Year</u>
General Obligation Bonds Accreted interest Unamortized premiums Capitalized lease obligations Net pension liability	\$ 127,003,563 13,243,598 10,830,108	\$ 73,228,182 1,447,201 6,006,773 267,518	\$ 10,343,702 2,493,492 1,275,740 19,463	\$ 189,888,043 12,197,307 15,561,141 248,055	\$ 9,658,722 - 1,355,329 46,862
(Notes 7 and 8) Compensated absences	114,541,000 275,900 \$ 265.894.169	5,116,000 62,358 \$ 86,128,032	- - - \$ 14.132.397	119,657,000 338,258 \$ 337.889.804	338,258 \$ 11,399,171

Payments on the General Obligation Bonds are made from the Bond Interest and Redemption Fund. Payments on the Certificates of Participation are made from the General Fund. Payments on the capitalized lease obligations are made from the General Fund and the Pupil Transportation Fund. Payments on compensated absences are made from the Fund for which the related employee worked.

NOTE 6 - FUND BALANCES

Fund balances, by category, at June 30, 2019 consisted of the following:

	General <u>Fund</u>	Building <u>Fund</u>	Capital Facilities <u>Fund</u>	Bond Interest and Redemption <u>Fund</u>	All Non-Major <u>Funds</u>	<u>Total</u>
Nonspendable: Revolving cash fund Prepaid expenditures Stores inventory	\$ 53,177 366,621	\$ - - -	\$ - - -	\$ - - -	\$ 100 300 18,510	\$ 53,277 366,921 18,510
Subtotal nonspendable	419,798				18,910	438,708
Restricted: Legally restricted programs Capital projects Debt service	4,803,158 - -	- 62,230,593 	- 4,848,550 	- - 20,421,086	4,240,142 1,000,894 	9,043,300 68,080,037 20,421,086
Subtotal restricted	4,803,158	62,230,593	4,848,550	20,421,086	5,241,036	97,544,423
Assigned: High school start up Categorical and site-base carryover Board elections	3,500,000 856,696 70,000	- -	-	- - -	-	3,500,000 856,696 70,000
Subtotal assigned	4,426,696					4,426,696
Unassigned: Designated for economic uncertainty Undesignated	7,448,574 <u>8,541,251</u>	<u>-</u>	<u> </u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	7,448,574 <u>8,541,251</u>
Subtotal unassigned	15,989,825					15,989,825
Total fund balances	\$ 25,639,477	\$ 62,230,593	\$ 4,848,550	\$ 20,421,086	\$ 5,259,946	\$ 118,399,652

NOTE 7 - NET PENSION LIABILITY - STATE TEACHERS' RETIREMENT PLAN

General Information about the State Teachers' Retirement Plan

<u>Plan Description</u>: Teaching-certified employees of the District are provided with pensions through the State Teachers' Retirement Plan (STRP) – a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS). The Teachers' Retirement Law (California Education Code Section 22000 et seq.), as enacted and amended by the California Legislature, established this plan and CalSTRS as the administrator. The benefit terms of the plans may be amended through legislation. CalSTRS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at http://www.calstrs.com/comprehensive-annual-financial-report.

<u>Benefits Provided</u>: The STRP Defined Benefit Program has two benefit formulas:

- CalSTRS 2% at 60: Members first hired on or before December 31, 2012, to perform service that could be creditable to CalSTRS.
- CalSTRS 2% at 62: Members first hired on or after January 1, 2013, to perform service that could be creditable to CalSTRS.

The Defined Benefit (DB) Program provides retirement benefits based on members' final compensation, age and years of service credit. In addition, the retirement program provides benefits to members upon disability and to survivors/beneficiaries upon the death of eligible members. There are several differences between the two benefit formulas which are noted below.

CaISTRS 2% at 60

CalSTRS 2% at 60 members are eligible for normal retirement at age 60, with a minimum of five years of credited service. The normal retirement benefit is equal to 2.0 percent of final compensation for each year of credited service. Early retirement options are available at age 55 with five years of credited service or as early as age 50 with 30 years of credited service. The age factor for retirements after age 60 increases with each quarter year of age to 2.4 percent at age 63 or older. Members who have 30 years or more of credited service receive an additional increase of up to 0.2 percent to the age factor, known as the career factor. The maximum benefit with the career factor is 2.4 percent of final compensation.

CalSTRS calculates retirement benefits based on a one-year final compensation for members who retired on or after January 1, 2001, with 25 or more years of credited service, or for classroom teachers with less than 25 years of credited service if the employer elected to pay the additional benefit cost prior to January 1, 2014. One-year final compensation means a member's highest average annual compensation earnable for 12 consecutive months calculated by taking the creditable compensation that a member could earn in a school year while employed on a fulltime basis, for a position in which the person worked. For members with less than 25 years of credited service, final compensation is the highest average annual compensation earnable for any three consecutive years of credited service.

CalSTRS 2% at 62

CalSTRS 2% at 62 members are eligible for normal retirement at age 62, with a minimum of five years of credited service. The normal retirement benefit is equal to 2.0 percent of final compensation for each year of credited service. An early retirement option is available at age 55. The age factor for retirement after age 62 increases with each quarter year of age to 2.4 percent at age 65 or older.

All CalSTRS 2% at 62 members have their final compensation based on their highest average annual compensation earnable for three consecutive years of credited service.

NOTE 7 - NET PENSION LIABILITY - STATE TEACHERS' RETIREMENT PLAN (Continued)

<u>Contributions</u>: Required member, employer and state contribution rates are set by the California Legislature and Governor and detailed in Teachers' Retirement Law. Contribution rates are expressed as a level percentage of payroll using the entry age normal actuarial cost method.

In June 2019, California Senate Bill 90 (SB 90) was signed into law and appropriated approximately \$2.2 billion in fiscal year 2018–19 from the state's General Fund as contributions to CalSTRS on behalf of employers. The bill requires portions of the contribution to supplant the amounts remitted by employers such that the amounts remitted will be 1.03 and 0.70 percentage points less than the statutorily required amounts due for fiscal years 2019–20 and 2020–21, respectively. The remaining portion of the contribution is allocated to reduce the employers' share of the unfunded actuarial obligation of the Defined Benefit Program.

The employer contribution rates set in statute by the CalSTRS Funding Plan were not changed by the passage of SB 90. A summary of statutory contribution rates and other sources of contributions to the Defined Benefit Program are as follows:

Members - Under CalSTRS 2% at 60, the member contribution rate was 10.25 percent of applicable member earnings for fiscal year 2018-2019. Under CalSTRS 2% at 62, members contribute 50 percent of the normal cost of their retirement plan, which resulted in a contribution rate of 10.205 percent of applicable member earnings for fiscal year 2018-2019.

In general, member contributions cannot increase unless members are provided with some type of "comparable advantage" in exchange for such increases. Under previous law, the Legislature could reduce or eliminate the 2 percent annual increase to retirement benefits. As a result of AB 1469, effective July 1, 2014, the Legislature cannot reduce the 2 percent annual benefit adjustment for members who retire on or after January 1, 2014, and in exchange for this "comparable advantage," the member contribution rates have been increased by an amount that covers a portion of the cost of the 2 percent annual benefit adjustment.

Employers – 16.28 percent of applicable member earnings.

Pursuant to AB 1469, employer contributions will increase from a prior rate of 8.25 percent to a total of 19.1 percent of applicable member earnings phased in over seven years starting in 2014. The legislation also gives the CalSTRS board limited authority to adjust employer contribution rates from July 1, 2021 through June 2046 in order to eliminate the remaining unfunded actuarial obligation related to service credited to members prior to July 1, 2014. The CalSTRS board cannot adjust the rate by more than 1 percent in a fiscal year, and the total contribution rate in addition to the 8.25 percent cannot exceed 12 percent.

NOTE 7 - NET PENSION LIABILITY - STATE TEACHERS' RETIREMENT PLAN (Continued)

The CalSTRS employer contribution rate increases effective for fiscal year 2018-2019 through fiscal year 2045-46 are summarized in the table below:

Effective Date	Prior Rate	<u>Increase</u>	<u>Total</u>
July 01, 2018	8.25%	8.03%	16.28%
July 01, 2019	8.25%	9.88%	18.13%
July 01, 2020	8.25%	10.85%	19.10%
July 01, 2021 to			
June 30, 2046	8.25%	*	*
July 01, 2046	8.25%	Increase from prior rate ce	ases in 2046-47

^{*} The Teachers' Retirement Board (the "board") cannot adjust the employer rate by more than 1 percent in a fiscal year, and the increase to the contribution rate above the 8.25 percent base contribution rate cannot exceed 12 percent for a maximum of 20.25 percent.

The District contributed \$8,959,470 to the plan for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019.

State - 9.828 percent of the members' creditable earnings from the fiscal year ending in the prior calendar year.

Also as a result of AB 1469, the additional state appropriation required to fully fund the benefits in effect as of 1990 by 2046 is specific in subdivision (b) of Education Code Section 22955.1. The increased contributions end as of fiscal year 2045-2046.

The state's base contribution to the Defined Benefit Program is calculated based on creditable compensation from two fiscal years prior. The state rate will increase to 5.811% on July 1, 2019, to continue paying down the unfunded liabilities associated with the benefits structure that was in place in 1990 prior to certain enhancements in benefits and reductions in contributions. Additionally, the enactment of SB 90 will result in future supplemental contributions to be made by the state to pay down its portion of the unfunded actuarial obligation of the Defined Benefit Program in fiscal years 2019–20 through 2022–23. The CalSTRS state contribution rates effective for fiscal year 2018-19 and beyond are summarized in the table below.

Effective Date	Base <u>Rate</u>	AB 1469 Increase For 1990 Benefit <u>Structure</u>	SBMA Funding(1)	Total State Appropriation to DB Program
July 01, 2018 July 01, 2019	2.017% 2.017%	5.311% 5.811%(2)	2.50% 2.50%	9.828% 10.328% (3)
July 01, 2020 to June 30, 2046	2.017%	(4)	2.50%	(4)
July 1, 2046 and thereafter	2.017%	(5)	2.50%	4.517%(5)

⁽¹⁾ This rate does not include the \$72 million reduction in accordance with Education Code Section 22954.

⁽²⁾In May 2019, the board of CalSTRS exercised its limited authority to increase the state contribution rate by 0.5 percent of the payroll effective July 1, 2019.

⁽³⁾ This rate does not include the \$2.2 billion supplemental state contribution on behalf of employers pursuant to SB 90.

⁽⁴⁾ The CalSTRS board has limited authority to adjust state contribution rates annually through June 30, 2046 in order to eliminate the remaining unfunded actuarial obligation associated with the 1990 benefit structure. The board cannot increase the rate by more than 0.50 percent in a fiscal year, and if there is no unfunded actuarial obligation, the contribution rate imposed to pay for the 1990 benefit structure would be reduced to 0 percent. Rates in effect prior to July 1, 2014, are reinstated if necessary to address any remaining 1990 unfunded actuarial obligation from July 1, 2046, and thereafter.

necessary to address any remaining 1990 unfunded actuarial obligation from July 1, 2046, and thereafter.
(5) From July 1, 2046, and thereafter, the rates in effect prior to July 1, 2014, are reinstated, if necessary, to address any remaining 1990 unfunded actuarial obligation.

NOTE 7 - NET PENSION LIABILITY - STATE TEACHERS' RETIREMENT PLAN (Continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2019, the District reported a liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability that reflected a reduction for State pension support provided to the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 91,626,000
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability	
associated with the District	<u>52,460,000</u>
Total	\$ 144,086,000

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as June 30, 2017. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the District's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating school Districts and the State. At June 30, 2018, the District's proportion was 0.100 percent, which was an increase of 0.003 percent from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2017.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the District recognized pension expense of \$20,456,253 and revenue of \$9,513,731 for support provided by the State. At June 30, 2019, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	284,000	\$	1,331,000
Changes of assumptions	14	,234,000		-
Net differences between projected and actual earnings on investments		-		3,528,000
Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and proportionate share of contributions	2	,960,000		2,558,000
Contributions made subsequent to measurement date	8	,959,470		
Total	\$ 26	,437,470	\$	7,417,000

NOTE 7 - NET PENSION LIABILITY - STATE TEACHERS' RETIREMENT PLAN (Continued)

\$8,959,470 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Years Ended June 30,	
2020	\$ 3,417,917
2021	\$ 2,095,917
2022	\$ (309,085)
2023	\$ 1,651,917
2024	\$ 2,928,167
2025	\$ 276,167

Differences between expected and actual experience and changes in assumptions are amortized over a closed period equal to the average remaining service life of plan members, which is 7 years as of the June 30, 2018 measurement date. Deferred outflows and inflows related to differences between projected and actual earrings on plan investments are netted and amortized over a closed 5-year period.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions: The total pension liability for the STRP was determined by applying update procedures to a financial reporting actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017, and rolling forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2018. The financial reporting actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017, used the following actuarial methods and assumptions, applied to all prior periods included in the measurement:

0, 2015
3

CalSTRS uses a generational mortality assumption, which involves the use of a base mortality table and projection scales to reflect expected annual reductions in mortality rates at each age, resulting in increases in life expectancies each year into the future. The base mortality tables are CalSTRS custom tables derived to best fit the patterns of mortality among its members. The projection scale was set equal to 110 percent of the ultimate improvement factor from the Mortality Improvement Scale (MP-2016) table, issued by the Society of Actuaries.

NOTE 7 - NET PENSION LIABILITY - STATE TEACHERS' RETIREMENT PLAN (Continued)

During the 2016-17 measurement period, CalSTRS completed an experience study for the period starting July 1, 2010, and ending June 30, 2015. The experience study was adopted by the board in February 2017. As a result of the study, certain assumptions used in determining the NPL of the STRP changed, including the price inflation, wage growth, discount rate and the mortality tables used in the actuarial valuation of the NPL. The changes to the assumptions as a result of the experience study follow:

Measurement Period

<u>Assumption</u>	As of June 30, <u>2018</u>	As of June 30, 2017
Consumer price inflation	2.75%	2.75%
Investment rate of return	7.10%	7.10%
Wage growth	3.50%	3.50%

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. The best estimate ranges were developed using capital market assumptions from CalSTRS general investment consultant as an input to the process. The actuarial investment rate of return assumption was adopted by the CalSTRS board in February 2017 in conjunction with the most recent experience study. For each future valuation, CalSTRS consulting actuary reviews the return assumption for reasonableness based on the most current capital market assumptions. Best estimates of 20-year geometric real rates of return and the assumed asset allocation for each major asset class used as input to develop the actuarial investment rate of return are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Assumed Asset <u>Allocation</u>	Long-Term* Expected Real <u>Rate of Return</u>
Global Equity	47%	6.30%
Fixed Income	12	0.30
Real Estate	13	5.20
Private Equity	13	9.30
Absolute Return / Risk Mi	tigating	
Strategies	9	2.90
Inflation Sensitive	4	3.80
Cash / Liquidity	2	(1.00)

^{* 20-}year geometric average

<u>Discount Rate</u>: The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.10 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and employers will be made at statutory contribution rates in accordance with the rate increase per AB 1469. Projected inflows from investment earnings were calculated using the long-term assumed investment rate of return (7.10 percent) and assuming that contributions, benefit payments, and administrative expense occur midyear. Based on those assumptions, the STRP's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members. Therefore, the long-term assumed investment rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

NOTE 7 - NET PENSION LIABILITY - STATE TEACHERS' RETIREMENT PLAN (Continued)

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate: The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.10 percent, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.10 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.10 percent) than the current rate:

	1%	Current	1%
	Decrease	Discount	Increase
	<u>(6.10%)</u>	<u>Rate (7.10%)</u>	<u>(8.10%)</u>
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	<u>\$134,221,000</u>	\$ 91,626,000	<u>\$ 56,310,000</u>

<u>Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position</u>: Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CalSTRS financial report.

NOTE 8 - NET PENSION LIABILITY - PUBLIC EMPLOYER'S RETIREMENT FUND B

General Information about the Public Employer's Retirement Fund B

<u>Plan Description</u>: The schools cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan Public Employer's Retirement Fund B (PERF B) is administered by the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS). Plan membership consists of non-teaching and non-certified employees of public schools (K-12), community college districts, offices of education, charter and private schools (elective) in the State of California.

The Plan was established to provide retirement, death and disability benefits to non-teaching and noncertified employees in schools. The benefit provisions for Plan employees are established by statute. CalPERS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at https://www.calpers.ca.gov/docs/forms-publications/cafr-2018.pdf

<u>Benefits Provided:</u> The benefits for the defined benefit plans are based on members' years of service, age, final compensation, and benefit formula. Benefits are provided for disability, death, and survivors of eligible members or beneficiaries. Members become fully vested in their retirement benefits earned to date after five years (10 years for State Second Tier members) of credited service.

<u>Contributions</u>: The benefits for the defined benefit pension plans are funded by contributions from members and employers, and earnings from investments. Member and employer contributions are a percentage of applicable member compensation. Member contribution rates are defined by law and depend on the respective employer's benefit formulas. Employer contribution rates are determined by periodic actuarial valuations or by state statute. Actuarial valuations are based on the benefit formulas and employee groups of each employer. Employer contributions, including lump sum contributions made when districts first join PERF B, are credited with a market value adjustment in determining contribution rates.

The required contribution rates of most active plan members are based on a percentage of salary in excess of a base compensation amount ranging from zero dollars to \$863 monthly.

NOTE 8 - NET PENSION LIABILITY - PUBLIC EMPLOYER'S RETIREMENT FUND B (Continued)

Required contribution rates for active plan members and employers as a percentage of payroll for the year ended June 30, 2019 were as follows:

Members - The member contribution rate was 6.50 or 7.50 percent of applicable member earnings for fiscal year 2018-2019.

Employers - The employer contribution rate was 18.062 percent of applicable member earnings.

The District contributed \$2,665,105 to the plan for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflow of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2019, the District reported a liability of \$28,031,000 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the District's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating school Districts. At June 30, 2018, the District's proportion was 0.105 percent, which was an increase of .001 percent from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2017.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the District recognized pension expense of \$6,561,137 and revenue of \$985,360 for support provided by the State. At June 30, 2019, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$ 1,838,000	\$ -
Changes of assumptions	2,799,000	-
Net differences between projected and actual earnings on investments	230,000	-
Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and proportionate share of contributions	228,000	83,000
Contributions made subsequent to measurement date	2,665,105	<u> </u>
Total	\$ 7,760,105	\$ 83,000

NOTE 8 - NET PENSION LIABILITY - PUBLIC EMPLOYER'S RETIREMENT FUND B (Continued)

\$2,665,105 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Years Ended June 30,	
2020	\$ 2,930,333
2021	\$ 2,208,333
2022	\$ 38,834
2023	\$ (165,500)

Differences between expected and actual experience and changes in assumptions are amortized over a closed period equal to the average remaining service life of plan members, which is 4 years as of the June 30, 2018 measurement date. Deferred outflows and inflows related to differences between projected and actual earnings on plan investments are netted and amortized over a closed 5-year period.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions: The total pension liability for the Plan was determined by applying update procedures to a financial reporting actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017, and rolling forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2018. The financial reporting actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017, used the following actuarial methods and assumptions, applied to all prior periods included in the measurement:

Valuation Date	June 30, 2017
Experience Study	June 30, 1997 through June 30, 2015
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry age normal
Investment Rate of Return	7.15%
Consumer Price Inflation	2.50%
Wage Growth	Varies by entry age and service
Post-retirement Benefit Increases	Contract COLA up to 2.00% until Purchasing
	Power Protection Allowance Floor on
	Purchasing Power applies 2.50% thereafter

The mortality table used was developed based on CalPERS specific data. The table includes 15 years of mortality improvements using Society of Actuaries 90% of scale MP 2016. For more details on this table, please refer to the 2017 experience study report.

All other actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2017 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from 1997 to 2015, including updates to salary increase, mortality and retirement rates. Further details of the Experience Study can be found at CalPERS' website.

NOTE 8 - NET PENSION LIABILITY - PUBLIC EMPLOYER'S RETIREMENT FUND B (Continued)

The table below reflects long-term expected real rate of return by asset class. The rate of return was calculated using the capital market assumptions applied to determine the discount rate and asset allocation.

Asset Class	Long -Term* Assumed Asset <u>Allocation</u>	Expected Real Rate of Return Years of 1 - 10 (1)	Expected Real Rate of Return Years of 11+ (2)
Global Equity	50%	4.80%	5.98%
Fixed Income	28	1.00	2.62
Inflation of Assets	-	0.77	1.81
Private Equity	8	6.30	7.23
Real Estate	13	3.75	4.93
Liquidity	1	-	(0.92)

^{* 10-}year geometric average

<u>Discount Rate</u>: The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.15 percent. A projection of the expected benefit payments and contributions was performed to determine if assets would run out. The test revealed the assets would not run out. Therefore the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability for the Plan. The results of the crossover testing for the Plan are presented in a detailed report that can be obtained at CalPERS' website.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class.

In determining the long-term expected rate of return, CalPERS took into account both short-term and long-term market return expectations as well as the expected cash flows of the Plan. Such cash flows were developed assuming that both members and employers will make their required contributions on time and as scheduled in all future years. Using historical returns of all the Plan's asset classes, expected compound (geometric) returns were calculated over the short-term (first 10 years) and the long-term (11-60 years) using a building-block approach. Using the expected nominal returns for both short-term and long-term, the present value of benefits was calculated. The expected rate of return was set by calculating the rounded single equivalent expected return that arrived at the same present value of benefits for cash flows as the one calculated using both short-term and long-term returns. The expected rate of return was then set equivalent to the single equivalent rate calculated above and adjusted to account for assumed administrative expenses.

⁽¹⁾ An expected inflation rate of 2.00% used for this period

⁽²⁾ An expected inflation rate of 2.92% used for this period

NOTE 8 - NET PENSION LIABILITY - PUBLIC EMPLOYER'S RETIREMENT FUND B (Continued)

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate: The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.15 percent, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.15 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.15 percent) than the current rate:

	1%	Current	1%
	Decrease	Discount	Increase
	<u>(6.15%)</u>	<u>Rate (7.15%)</u>	<u>(8.15%)</u>
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	<u>\$ 40,812,000</u>	<u>\$ 28,031,000</u>	<u>\$ 17,427,000</u>

<u>Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position</u>: Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CalPERS financial report.

NOTE 9 - JOINT POWERS AGREEMENTS

Schools Insurance Group: The District is a member of a Joint Powers Authority, Schools Insurance Group (SIG), for the operation of a common risk management and insurance program. The Authority is governed by a Governing Board consisting of representatives of member districts. The Governing Board controls the operations of SIG, including selections of management and approval of operating budgets. The JPA provide first dollar coverage and insure risk up to statutory limits. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal year. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage from coverage in the prior year.

Condensed financial information for SIG for the year ended June 30, 2018 (most recent information available):

Total assets	\$ 100,763,353
Deferred outflows of resources	\$ 342,409
Total liabilities	\$ 34,839,315
Deferred inflows of resources	\$ 63,352
Total net position	\$ 66,203,095
Total revenues	\$ 91,650,321
Total expenditures	\$ 88,460,093
Change in net position	\$ 3,190,228

NOTE 10 - CONTINGENCIES

The District is subject to legal proceedings and claims which arise in the ordinary course of business. In the opinion of management, the amount of ultimate liability with respect to these actions will not materially affect the financial position or results of operations of the District.

Also, the District has received federal and state funds for specific purposes that are subject to review or audit by the grantor agencies. Although such audits could generate expenditure disallowances under terms of the grants, it is believed that any required reimbursements will not be material.

Construction Commitments: As of June 30, 2019, the District has \$78 million in outstanding commitments on construction contracts.



ROSEVILLE JOINT UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Bud	dget		Variance		
	<u>Original</u>	<u>Final</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Favorable (Unfavorable)		
Revenues: Local Control Funding Formula: State apportionment Local sources	\$ 36,756,266 60,791,717	\$ 32,714,284 64,766,067	\$ 32,711,174 64,766,386	\$ (3,110) 319		
Total LCFF	97,547,983	97,480,351	97,477,560	(2,791)		
Federal sources Other state sources Other local sources	3,174,513 9,103,836 9,626,406	4,818,270 9,939,371 10,022,524	3,032,589 15,252,901 10,820,547	(1,785,681) 5,313,530 798,023		
Total revenues	119,452,738	122,260,516	126,583,597	4,323,081		
Expenditures: Current: Certificated salaries Classified salaries Employee benefits Books and supplies Contract services and operating expenditures Other outgo Capital outlay Debt service: Principal retirement Interest Total expenditures (Deficiency) under of revenues (under) over expenditures	53,793,405 15,482,987 26,940,412 6,599,657 17,044,122 1,218,254 107,250 - - 121,186,087	56,717,844 16,242,309 27,173,399 5,798,722 13,765,219 1,425,207 1,421,124 15,547 3,703 122,563,074	56,589,476 15,962,390 32,084,173 4,927,048 10,048,859 1,633,025 2,185,697 13,640 3,220 123,447,528	128,368 279,919 (4,910,774) 871,674 3,716,360 (207,818) (764,573) 1,907 483 (884,454)		
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in Transfers out Proceeds from issuance of long- term liabilities	- (870,000) <u>-</u>	160,058 (870,000)	216,024 (911,404) 157,499	55,966 (41,404) 157,499		
Total other financing sources (uses)	(870,000)	(709,942)	(537,881)	172,061		
Net change in fund balance	(2,603,349)	(1,012,500)	2,598,188	3,610,688		
Fund balance, July 1, 2018	23,041,289	23,041,289	23,041,289			
Fund balance, June 30, 2019	\$ 20,437,940	\$ 22,028,789	\$ 25,639,477	\$ 3,610,688		

ROSEVILLE JOINT UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

State Teachers' Retirement Plan Last 10 Fiscal Years

	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>
District's proportion of the net pension liability	0.099%	0.103%	0.100%	0.097%	0.100%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 57,942,000	\$ 69,179,000	\$ 81,100,000	\$ 89,826,000	\$ 91,626,000
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the District	34,988,000	36,588,000	46,173,000	53,140,000	52,460,000
Total net pension liability	\$ 92,930,000	<u>\$105,767,000</u>	<u>\$127,273,000</u>	<u>\$142,966,000</u>	<u>\$144,086,000</u>
District's covered payroll	\$ 44,163,000	\$ 47,694,000	\$ 49,972,000	\$ 51,275,000	\$ 53,069,000
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	131.20%	145.05%	162.29%	175.18%	172.65%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	76.52%	74.02%	70.04%	69.46%	70.99%

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the year-end that occurred one year prior.

ROSEVILLE JOINT UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Public Employer's Retirement Fund B Last 10 Fiscal Years

	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>
District's proportion of the net pension liability	0.099%	0.105%	0.104%	0.104%	0.105%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 11,230,000	\$ 15,447,000	\$ 20,563,000	\$ 24,715,000	\$ 28,031,000
District's covered payroll	\$ 10,384,000	\$ 11,602,000	\$ 12,491,000	\$ 13,200,000	\$ 13,867,000
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	108.15%	133.14%	164.62%	187.23%	202.14%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liabilit	y 83.38%	79.43%	73.89%	71.87%	70.85%

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the year-end that occurred one year prior.

ROSEVILLE JOINT UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S CONTRIBUTIONS For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

State Teachers' Retirement Plan Last 10 Fiscal Years

		<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>
Contractually required contribution	\$	4,235,196	\$ 5,362,036	\$ 6,507,001	\$ 7,694,523	\$ 8,959,470
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	_	<u>(4,235,196</u>)	(5,362,036)	(6,507,001)	 (7,694,523)	(8,959,470)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$
District's covered payroll	\$	47,694,000	\$ 49,972,000	\$ 51,275,000	\$ 53,069,000	\$ 55,034,000
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		8.88%	10.73%	12.69%	14.43%	16.28%

ROSEVILLE JOINT UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S CONTRIBUTIONS For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Public Employer's Retirement Fund B Last 10 Fiscal Years

	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>
Contractually required contribution	\$ 1,365,626	\$ 1,479,773	\$ 1,833,247	\$ 2,154,937	\$ 2,665,105
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	(1,365,626)	(1,479,773)	(1,833,247)	(2,154,937)	(2,665,105)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
District's covered payroll	\$ 11,602,000	\$ 12,491,000	\$ 13,200,000	\$ 13,867,000	\$ 14,755,000
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	11.77%	11.85%	13.89%	15.54%	18.06%

ROSEVILLE JOINT UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTE TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION June 30, 2019

NOTE 1 - PURPOSE OF SCHEDULES

A - Budgetary Comparison Schedule

The District employs budget control by object codes and by individual appropriation accounts. Budgets are prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. The budgets are revised during the year by the Board of Education to provide for revised priorities. Expenditures cannot legally exceed appropriations by major object code. The originally adopted and final revised budgets for the General Fund are presented as Required Supplementary Information. The basis of budgeting is the same as GAAP.

B - Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability

The Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability is presented to illustrate the elements of the District's Net Pension Liability. There is a requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, governments should present information for those years for which information is available.

C – Schedule of the District's Contributions

The Schedule of District Contributions is presented to illustrate the District's required contributions relating to the pensions. There is a requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, governments should present information for those years for which information is available.

D – Changes of Benefit Terms

There are no changes in benefit terms reported in the Required Supplementary Information.

E - Changes of Assumptions

The discount rate for Public Employer's Retirement Fund B was 7.50, 7.65, 7.65, 7.15, 7.15 and 7.15 percent in the June 30, 2013, 2014, 2015, 2016 and 2017 actuarial reports, respectively.

The following are the assumptions for State Teachers' Retirement Plan:

Measurement Period

<u>Assumptions</u>	As of June 30, <u>2018</u>	As of June 30, 2017	As of June 30, 2016	As of June 30, 2015
Consumer price inflation	2.75%	2.75%	3.00%	3.00%
Investment rate of return	7.10%	7.10%	7.60%	7.60%
Wage growth	3.50%	3.50%	3.75%	3.75%



ROSEVILLE JOINT UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING BALANCE SHEET ALL NON-MAJOR FUNDS June 30, 2019

ASSETS	Adult Education <u>Fund</u>	Cafeteria <u>Fund</u>	Deferred Main- tenance <u>Fund</u>	Pupil Transpor- tation Equipment <u>Fund</u>	Special Reserve for Capital Outlay Projects <u>Fund</u>	<u>Total</u>
Cook in County Transum	\$ 414,164	\$ 868,184	\$ 2,878,994	\$ 366,682	\$ 1,000,310	\$ 5,528,334
Cash in County Treasury Cash on hand and in banks	11,865	22,990	\$ 2,070,994 -	φ 300,062 -	\$ 1,000,310 -	34,855
Cash in revolving fund Receivables	100 177,128	- 187,002	- 4,812	- 10,172	- 1,771	100 380,885
Due to other funds	177,120	286	4,012	10,172	-	286
Stores inventory	-	18,510	-	-	-	18,510
Prepaid expenditures	<u>300</u>					300
Total assets	\$ 603,557	\$ 1,096,972	\$ 2,883,806	\$ 376,854	\$ 1,002,081	\$ 5,963,270
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES						
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$ 244,772	\$ 15,201	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,187	\$ 261,160
Due to other funds	<u>114,500</u>	327,664				<u>442,164</u>
Total liabilities	359,272	<u>342,865</u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	1,187	703,324
Fund balances:						
Nonspendable	400	18,510	-	-	-	18,910
Restricted	<u>243,885</u>	<u>735,597</u>	2,883,806	<u>376,854</u>	<u>1,000,894</u>	<u>5,241,036</u>
Total fund balances	244,285	<u>754,107</u>	2,883,806	<u>376,854</u>	1,000,894	5,259,946
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 603,557	<u>\$ 1,096,972</u>	<u>\$ 2,883,806</u>	<u>\$ 376,854</u>	<u>\$ 1,002,081</u>	\$ 5,963,270

ROSEVILLE JOINT UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES ALL NON-MAJOR FUNDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Revenues:	Adult Education <u>Fund</u>	Cafeteria <u>Fund</u>	Deferred Maintenance <u>Fund</u>	Pupil Transportation Equipment <u>Fund</u>	Special Reserve for Capital Outlay Projects <u>Fund</u>	<u>Total</u>
Local Control Funding Formula: State apportionment Federal sources Other state sources Other local sources	\$ 8,275 252,118 3,462,990 149,459	\$ - 1,279,468 136,981 2,054,509	\$ 550,000 - - - 80,092	\$ - - - 246,328	\$ - - - 19,293	\$ 558,275 1,531,586 3,599,971 2,549,681
Total revenues	3,872,842	3,470,958	630,092	246,328	19,293	8,239,513
Expenditures: Current: Certificated salaries Classified salaries Employee benefits Books and supplies Contract services and operating expenditures Other outgo Capital outlay Debt service: Principal retirement Interest	799,985 211,826 436,544 51,584 77,910 2,330,258 9,237	1,394,734 424,061 1,471,522 61,291 - - -	- - - - - 61,896 - -	- - - 65,769 5,929 - 778,005 5,823 1,319	- - - - 25,000 - - -	799,985 1,606,560 860,605 1,588,875 170,130 2,330,258 849,138 5,823 1,319
Total expenditures	3,917,344	3,351,608	61,896	856,845	25,000	8,212,693
(Deficiency) excess of revenues (under) over expenditures	(44,502)	119,350	<u>568,196</u>	(610,517)	(5,707)	26,820
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in Transfers out Proceeds from the issuance of long- term liabilities	(52,497) 	41,404 (163,527)	- - 	150,000 - 110,019	600,000	791,404 (216,024) 110,019
Total other financing sources (uses)	(52,497)	(122,123)	<u>-</u>	260,019	600,000	685,399
Net change in fund balances	(96,999)	(2,773)	568,196	(350,498)	594,293	712,219
Fund balances, July 1, 2018	341,284	756,880	2,315,610	727,352	406,601	4,547,727
Fund balances, June 30, 2019	\$ 244,28 <u>5</u>	\$ 754,107	\$ 2,883,806	\$ <u>376,854</u>	\$ 1,000,89 4	\$ 5,259,94 <u>6</u>

ROSEVILLE JOINT UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT ORGANIZATION June 30, 2019

Roseville Joint Union High School District was established in 1912 and is comprised of an area of approximately 108 square miles in Placer and Sacramento Counties. There were no changes in the boundaries of the District during the current year. The District is a political subdivision of the State of California. The District is currently operating five high schools, one continuation education school, one adult education school, and an independent study program.

GOVERNING BOARD

<u>Name</u>	<u>Office</u>	Term Expires
Julie Hirota	President	November 2020
Gary T. Johnson	Vice President	November 2020
Andrew Tagg	Clerk	November 2022
Paige K. Stauss	Member	November 2020
Scott E. Huber	Member	November 2022

ADMINISTRATION

Dr. Denise Herrmann Superintendent

Joe Landon Assistant Superintendent, Business Services

Brad Basham
Assistant Superintendent, Personnel Services*

Jess Borjon
Assistant Superintendent, Curriculum and Instruction**

^{*}Effective July 1, 2019 position changed to Assistant Superintendent of Human Resources.

^{**}Effective July 1, 2019 position changed to Deputy Superintendent of Education Services.

ROSEVILLE JOINT UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF AVERAGE DAILY ATTENDANCE For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Second <u>Period Report</u>	Annual <u>Report</u>
Certificate #	6550B3A2	DEF3996B
Secondary: Regular Classes Special Education	9,826 24	9,774 24
ADA totals	9,850	9,798

ROSEVILLE JOINT UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF INSTRUCTIONAL TIME For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Grade Level	1986-87 Minutes Require- <u>ment</u>	2018-19 Actual <u>Minutes</u>	Number of Days Traditional <u>Calendar</u>	<u>Status</u>
Grade 9	64,800	64,880	180	In compliance
Grade 10	64,800	64,880	180	In compliance
Grade 11	64,800	65,160	180	In compliance
Grade 12	64,800	64,880	180	In compliance

ROSEVILLE JOINT UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURE OF FEDERAL AWARDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Federal Catalog Number	Federal Grantor/Pass-Through <u>Grantor/Program or Cluster Title</u> f Education - Passed through California Department	Pass- Through Entity Identifying <u>Number</u>	Federal Expend- <u>itures</u>
of Education	i Education - Passed through Camornia Department		
84.002A 84.002 84.002A	Adult Education Programs: Adult Basic Education: English Literacy & Civics Education - Local Grant Adult Education: Adult Secondary Education (Section 231) Adult Education: Adult Basic Education & ESL (Section 231)	14109 13978 14508	\$ 50,939 111,100 90,079
	Subtotal Adult Education Programs		252,118
84.027 84.027A	Special Education Cluster: IDEA Basic Local Assistance Entitlement, Part B, Section 611 IDEA Mental Health Services, Part B, Sec 611 Subtotal Special Education Cluster	13379 14468	1,409,339 172,178 1,581,517
84.010 84.367	ESEA: Title I, Part A, Basic Grants Low-Income and Neglected ESEA (ESSA) Title II, Part A, Supporting Effective	14329 14341	744,972
84.365A	Instruction Local Grants ESEA: Title III: Limited English Proficiency (LEP)	14341	132,194 55,455
84.424 84.196	ESEA: Title IV, Part A, Student Support and Academic Enrichment Grant Program (SSAE) ESEA: Education for Homeless Children and	15391	265,950
	Youth, Subtitle VII-B Mckinney-Vento Act	14332	72,215
84.048 84.UNKNOWN	Carl D. Perkins Career and Technical Education: Secondary, Section 131 (Vocational Education) We Can Work	14894 N/A	140,021 40,265
	Total U.S. Department of Education		3,284,707
U.S. Department of Department of Ed	f Agriculture - Passed through California lucation		
10.553	Child Nutrition: School Programs - Child Nutrition Cluster	13390	1,279,468
	Total Federal Programs		<u>\$ 4,564,175</u>

ROSEVILLE JOINT UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF UNAUDITED ACTUAL FINANCIAL REPORT WITH AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

There were no audit adjustments proposed to any funds of the District.				

ROSEVILLE JOINT UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINANCIAL TRENDS AND ANALYSIS For the Year Ended June 30, 2019 (UNAUDITED)

General Fund	(Budgeted) <u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>
Revenues and other financing sources	\$ 123,458,62 <u>9</u>	<u>\$ 126,957,120</u>	<u>\$ 113,370,342</u>	<u>\$ 108,843,594</u>
Expenditures Other uses and transfers out	130,803,901 990,000	123,447,528 911,404	113,569,194 <u>883,016</u>	103,928,930 <u>859,493</u>
Total outgo	131,793,901	124,358,932	114,452,210	104,788,423
Change in fund balance	<u>\$ (8,335,272)</u>	\$ 2,598,188	<u>\$ (1,081,868)</u>	<u>\$ 4,055,171</u>
Ending fund balance	<u>\$ 17,304,205</u>	\$ 25,639,477	\$ 23,041,289	\$ 24,123,257
Available reserves	<u>\$ 16,833,799</u>	<u>\$ 15,989,825</u>	<u>\$ 14,796,416</u>	<u>\$ 14,910,915</u>
Designated for economic uncertainties	\$ 7,894,061	<u>\$ 7,448,574</u>	\$ 6,853,464	\$ 6,240,820
Undesignated fund balance	<u>\$ 8,939,738</u>	<u>\$ 8,541,251</u>	\$ 7,942,952	\$ 8,670,095
Available reserves as a percentage of total outgo	12.77%	12.86%	12.93%	14.23%
Total long-term liabilities	\$ 326,490,633	\$ 337,889,804	\$ 265,894,169	\$ 265,609,087
Average daily attendance at P-2, excluding classes for adults	9,984	9,850	9,809	9,829

The General Fund fund balance has increased by \$5,571,491 over the past three years. The District projects a deficit of \$8,335,272 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2020. For a district this size, the State of California recommends available reserves of at least three percent of total General Fund expenditures, transfers out and other uses. The District maintains reserves in excess of recommended levels.

The District has incurred an operating surplus in two of the past three years, and anticipates incurring an operating deficit during the 2019-2020 fiscal year.

Total long-term liabilities have increased by \$72,280,717 over the past two years.

Average daily attendance has increased by 21 over the past two years and is anticipated to increase by 134 from June 30, 2019 to the year ending June 30, 2020.

ROSEVILLE JOINT UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF CHARTER SCHOOLS For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Included in District
Financial Statements, or
Separate Report

Charter Schools Chartered by District

Charter #

N/A

There are no charter schools operating in the District.

ROSEVILLE JOINT UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION June 30, 2019

NOTE 1 - PURPOSE OF SCHEDULES

A - Schedule of Average Daily Attendance

Average daily attendance is a measurement of the number of pupils attending classes of the District. The purpose of attendance accounting from a fiscal standpoint is to provide the basis on which apportionments of state funds are made to school districts. This schedule provides information regarding the attendance of students at various grade levels and in different programs.

B - Schedule of Instructional Time

The District has received incentive funding for increasing instructional time as provided by the Incentives for Longer Instructional Day. The District neither met nor exceeded its target funding. This schedule presents information on the amount of instructional time offered by the District and whether the District complied with the provisions of Education Code Sections 46201 through 46206.

C - Schedule of Expenditure of Federal Awards

The Schedule of Expenditure of Federal Awards includes the federal award activity of Roseville Joint Union High School District, and is presented on the accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance)*. Expenditures are recognized following, the cost principles in in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. The District has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

D - Reconciliation of Unaudited Actual Financial Report with Audited Financial Statements

This schedule provides the information necessary to reconcile the Unaudited Actual Financial Report to the audited financial statements.

E - Schedule of Financial Trends and Analysis - Unaudited

This schedule provides trend information on fund balances, revenues, expenditures and average daily attendance, as required by the State Controller's Office.

F - Schedule of Charter Schools

This schedule provides information for the California Department of Education to monitor financial reporting by Charter Schools.

NOTE 2 - EARLY RETIREMENT INCENTIVE PROGRAM

Education Code Section 14502 requires certain disclosures in the financial statements of districts which adopt Early Retirement Incentive Programs pursuant to Education Code Sections 22714 and 44929. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, the District did not adopt such a program.



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH STATE LAWS AND REGULATIONS

Board of Trustees Roseville Joint Union High School District Roseville, California

Report on Compliance with State Laws and Regulations

We have audited Roseville Joint Union High School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the State of California's 2018-19 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting (the "Audit Guide") to the state laws and regulations listed below for the year ended June 30, 2019.

<u>Description</u>	Procedures <u>Performed</u>
Attendance Teacher Certification and Misassignments Kindergarten Continuance Independent Study Continuation Education	Yes Yes No, see below Yes Yes
Instructional Time Instructional Materials Ratio of Administrative Employees to Teachers Classroom Teacher Salaries	Yes Yes Yes Yes
Early Retirement Incentive Gann Limit Calculation School Accountability Report Card Juvenile Court Schools Middle or Early College High Schools	No, see below Yes Yes No, see below No, see below
K-3 Grade Span Adjustment Transportation Maintenance of Effort Apprenticeship: Related and Supplemental Instruction Comprehensive School Safety Plan	No, see below No, see below Yes No, see below Yes
District of Choice California Clean Energy Jobs Act After/Before School Education and Safety Program: General requirements	No, see below Yes
After school Before school Proper Expenditure of Education Protection Account Funds Unduplicated Local Control Funding Formula Pupil Counts	No, see below No, see below Yes Yes
Local Control and Accountability Plan Independent Study – Course Based Attendance, for charter schools Mode of Instruction, for charter schools	Yes No, see below No, see below No, see below
Nonclassroom-Based Instruction/Independent Study, for charter schools Determination of Funding for Nonclassroom-Based Instruction, for charter schools	No, see below No, see below
Annual Instructional Minutes - Classroom-Based, for charter schools Charter School Facility Grant Program	No, see below No, see below

We did not perform any procedures related to Kindergarten Continuance because the District is a high school district and does not have any grades K-8.

We did not perform any procedures related to Early Retirement Incentive Program because the District did not offer this program.

The District does not operate a Juvenile Court Schools Program; therefore, we did not perform any testing of this program.

We did not perform any procedures related to Middle or Early College High School because the District does not have any Middle or Early College High Schools.

We did not perform any procedures related to K-3 Grade Span Adjustment because the District is a high school district and does not have any grades K-3.

The District does not operate an Apprenticeship Program; therefore, we did not perform any testing of this program.

The District does not qualify as a District of Choice; therefore, we did not perform any testing of this program.

We did not perform any procedures related to After School Education and Safety Program because the District did not receive any After School Education and Safety Program funding in the current year.

We did not perform any procedures related to Independent Study-Course Based because the District does not offer this program.

We did not perform any procedures related to charter schools because the District does not include any charter schools in their financial statements.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of state laws and regulations, as listed above.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on Roseville Joint Union High School District's compliance with state laws and regulations as listed above based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the 2018-19 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting (Audit Guide). Those standards and the Audit Guide require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a material effect on Roseville Joint Union High School District's compliance with the state laws and regulations listed above occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Roseville Joint Union High School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance with state laws and regulations. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of Roseville Joint Union High School District's compliance.

Opinion on Compliance with State Laws and Regulations

In our opinion, Roseville Joint Union High School District complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that are applicable to the state laws and regulations referred to above for the year ended June 30, 2019.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report on compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the 2018-19 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

CROWE UP

Crowe LLP

Sacramento, California December 9, 2019



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of Trustees Roseville Joint Union High School District Roseville, California

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Roseville Joint Union High School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Roseville Joint Union High School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 9, 2019.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Roseville Joint Union High School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Roseville Joint Union High School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Roseville Joint Union High School District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Roseville Joint Union High School District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

CROWE UP

Crowe LLP

Sacramento, California December 9, 2019



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE

Board of Trustees Roseville Joint Union High School District Roseville, California

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Roseville Joint Union High School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Roseville Joint Union High School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2019. Roseville Joint Union High School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statues, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Roseville Joint Union High School District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Roseville Joint Union High School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of Roseville Joint Union High School District's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Roseville Joint Union High School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2019.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of Roseville Joint Union High School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered Roseville Joint Union High School District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Roseville Joint Union High School District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

CROWE UP

Crowe LLP

Sacramento, California December 9, 2019



SECTION I - SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Type of auditor's report issued: Unmodified Internal control over financial reporting: Material weakness(es) identified? _____ Yes X No Significant deficiency(ies) identified not considered to be material weakness(es)? ____ Yes X None reported Noncompliance material to financial statements noted? ____ Yes __X__ No **FEDERAL AWARDS** Internal control over major programs: Material weakness(es) identified? ____ Yes <u>X</u> No Significant deficiency(ies) identified not considered to be material weakness(es)? ____ Yes X None reported Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for Unmodified major programs: Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be _____ Yes <u>X</u> No reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)? Identification of major programs: Name of Federal Program or Cluster CFDA Number(s) 84.027, 84.027A Special Education Cluster Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs: 750,000 Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee? __X__ Yes ____ No **STATE AWARDS**

(Continued)

Unmodified

Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for

state programs:

SECTION II - FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

No manttana vuona nan anta d		
No matters were reported.		

SECTION III - FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

No mottoro ware reported		
No matters were reported.		

SECTION IV - STATE AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

No matters were reported.	

STATUS OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

ROSEVILLE JOINT UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT STATUS OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS Year Ended June 30, 2019

Finding/Recommendation

Current Status

District Explanation

If Not Implemented

No matters were reported.